LifeShare Blood Center					
Report of Transfusion Complications					
This form is to be completed by a nurse or an MD					
When a transfusion reaction is suspected: 1. Stop the blood transfusion immediately. 2. Immediately notify the attending physician. 3. Complete this form and submit to the LifeShare Blood Center Laboratory with the following: • Properly labeled blood samples: one 7 mL red top tube and one 7 mL purple top (EDTA) tube • Blood product container with all attached tubing, tags, and infusion fluids (if available) Facility name:					
Patient name:					
ID number: Patient History 1. Current diagnosis: 2. Previous transfusion:			Doctor:		
 Any pregnancies: Yes No Unknown Has the patient received IV therapy or IV medications within the last 3 days? Yes No If yes, please list:					
Clinical symptoms (please check all that apply)					
 Chills Headache Chest pain Back pain 	 Hives Itching Rash Decreased BP 		 Dyspnea Cyanosis Coughing Oozing fr 	om wound	
Frothy sputum	 ☐ Increased pulse rate ☐ Immediate post-transfusion jaundice ☐ Temperature increase (1 °C or 2 °F)* ☐ Acute respiratory distress/pulmonary edema 				
 Nausea Vomiting Pre- and post-transfus 	Facial edema	crease (1 °C or 2 °F)			Jimonary edema
Pre-transfusion Post-transfusion	Date/time	Temperature	Blood pressure	Pulse	Respiration
Transfusion details					
Unit #:	Component: Volume Infused:mL				ed: mL
Start date/time:					
Blood samples collected by/o					

*If bacterial contamination is the suspected cause of the temperature increase, the facility should obtain a culture of the unit in question prior to shipment to LifeShare for the transfusion reaction workup.